

**Notice of Information and Examples of Amortization of Home Loans**  
[Notice to Consumers under North Carolina General Statutes Section 24-1.1A(a1)(1)]

Note: North Carolina law requires a mortgage lender to provide this Office of the Commissioner of Banks Notice to a consumer who applies for a “home loan”. The Lender must deliver or mail this Notice to the consumer within three (3) business days after the lender receives the consumer’s loan application or the date of loan closing, whichever is earlier. This law defines a “home loan” as a loan (other than an open-end credit plan) for less than \$300,000, obtained for personal, family or household purposes and secured by a first mortgage or first deed of trust on the consumer’s dwelling.

**Information on Home Loan Amortization**

When you obtain a home loan from a lender, you will be asked to sign a note that requires you to repay the principal amount you borrow, plus interest. You may also be required by your loan documents to pay sums into “escrow” so that your lender will have sufficient funds on hand to pay your property taxes and property insurance premiums on your behalf as and when they become due. If you are delinquent in making your payments, you may be required to pay a late charge. The *order* in which your lender applies your payments to these various categories will depend on the specific terms of your loan documents and the manner in which your lender administers your loan. However, most lenders will apply your payment to the interest owed before any portion of the payment is applied to reduce the principal balance of the loan. If yours is a typical home loan, during the early years of your loan most of your payment will be applied to satisfy your interest obligation and only a small amount will be applied to the principal balance. However, as your principal balance gradually reduces over time, less of your payment will be applied to interest and more will be applied to principal. The gradual process by which periodic payments affect the principal balance is called “**amortization**”.

Your mortgage lender or mortgage broker may offer a variety of home loans that may have different maturity dates (the final due date) and different terms of repayment. An “**amortization schedule**” for your loan will show the principal amount of your loan, the amount of your periodic payment, the amount of interest that will be collected periodically, how much (if any) will be applied to reduce the principal, whether (and how much) the principal increases if loan payments are insufficient to pay interest, how many scheduled payments you must make to pay off your home loan, and the unpaid principal balance after each scheduled payment is timely made.

How *your* loan will amortize will depend upon the specific terms of your loan and how your lender administers your loan. Typically, a conventional fixed rate loan is payable in substantially equal monthly payments of principal and interest over 15-year or a 30-year loan term. For this type of loan, the amount you borrow, the interest rate and the loan term will be the most important factors in determining your payment amount and how your loan will amortize. However, because lenders offer a wide variety of home loan products, you should be aware that other factors greatly influence your repayment terms and how your loan will amortize. For example:

- Some lenders offer “interest only” home loans. In this type of loan, your payment will cover only the interest that is due, and none of your payment will be applied to principal. As a result, the entire principal balance of your loan will be due at maturity.
- Some lenders offer “balloon” home loans. In this type of loan, the required periodic payment is based on an amortization schedule that extends beyond the maturity date of the loan. For example, a lender may offer you a 15-year loan with required periodic payments computed to pay the loan off in 20 years. As a result, even though your required periodic payments maybe for a fixed dollar amount and you make all your payments in a timely manner, a substantial portion of the principal balance of the loan will still be due when the loan matures in 15 years.
- Lenders are permitted to use a variety of different methods to calculate the interest due on your loan. In a typical conventional 15-year or 30-year fixed rate home loan, most lenders calculate interest on the assumption that each month has 30 (and only 30) days and that each year is 360 days long. In other home loans, lenders sometimes determine the actual number of days the principal amount is outstanding for each period and calculate interest due based on a 360-day, a 365 day, or a 365/366 day year. Although most lenders charge periodic interest in arrears, some charge interest in advance. The interest calculation method used by your lender will affect how your loan amortizes. You should ask your lender about the interest calculation method that will apply to your home loan.
- Most amortization schedules assume that your lender will receive payment on the exact date your payment is due. If your lender charges periodic interest on the outstanding principal of your loan for the actual number of days from your last payment until your next payment is actually received and applied to your loan by the lender, your amortization schedule will become inaccurate the first time you fail to make a payment on the exact date it is due.
- Beware of “negative amortization” loans. In this type of loan, the periodic payments required by your loan documents are insufficient to pay the interest as it accrues on your loan. As a result, your loan balance will actually increase, even though you make the required payments on time.

- Some lenders offer “graduated payment” or “reverse annuity” home loans. These are special-purpose loans designed to meet the specific needs of a small segment of homeowners. These are complicated loans that frequently involve negative amortization and/or increasing payment amounts. These types of loans may require you to pay interest on unpaid interest-as interest accrues, the lender may be permitted to add it to the outstanding principal balance of the loan.

*Before you borrow, ask enough questions of your lender to make sure you understand how your loan will be administered and how your loan will amortize. Ask your lender whether your payment amount includes or excludes any required escrow payments. Amortization schedules typically ignore sums you may be required to pay into escrow for taxes and insurance.*

**Examples of Home Loan Amortization Schedules**

Examples of amortization schedules are shown for four (4) different home loans of \$150,000 on the charts below. These examples permit you, for example, to compare how a higher interest rate will affect your periodic payment and the differences between conventional 15-year and 30-year fixed rate home loans. These examples assume that monthly payments are made on the scheduled due dates. Your lender may be required under North Carolina law to deliver at your loan closing, or mail to you within three (3) days thereafter, an amortization schedule for your loan. These examples are for informational purposes only, and the amortization schedule for your loan may differ based on the terms of your home loan. In addition, your actual required periodic payments maybe higher than these examples if your lender uses a different interest calculation method, required you to make periodic escrow payments for insurance and/or taxes, or you owe late charges.

**15 years at 8%**

Interest Rate: 8% Term to Maturity: 15 years  
 Monthly Payment: \$1,433.48 Total Number of Payments: 180

The first 12 and final 6 payments are shown. A total of 180 payments of \$1,433.48 or \$258,026.40 must be made over the life of the loan.

Payment Number	Principal Balance	Monthly Payment Amt	Interest Paid	Principal Applied	New Balance
1	\$150,000.00	\$1,433.48	\$1,000.00	\$433.48	\$149,566.52
2	\$149,566.52	\$1,433.48	\$997.11	\$436.37	\$149,130.15
3	\$149,130.15	\$1,433.48	\$994.20	\$439.28	\$148,690.87
4	\$148,690.87	\$1,433.48	\$991.27	\$442.21	\$148,248.66
5	\$148,248.66	\$1,433.48	\$988.32	\$445.16	\$147,803.51
6	\$147,803.51	\$1,433.48	\$985.36	\$448.12	\$147,355.38
7	\$147,355.38	\$1,433.48	\$982.37	\$451.11	\$146,904.27
8	\$146,904.27	\$1,433.48	\$979.36	\$454.12	\$146,450.16
9	\$146,450.16	\$1,433.48	\$976.33	\$457.15	\$145,993.01
10	\$145,993.01	\$1,433.48	\$973.29	\$460.19	\$145,532.82
11	\$145,532.82	\$1,433.48	\$970.22	\$463.26	\$145,069.56
12	\$145,069.56	\$1,433.48	\$967.13	\$466.35	\$144,603.21
175	\$8,403.08	\$1,433.48	\$56.02	\$1,377.46	\$7,025.63
176	\$7,025.63	\$1,433.48	\$46.84	\$1,386.64	\$5,638.98
177	\$5,638.98	\$1,433.48	\$37.59	\$1,395.89	\$4,243.10
178	\$4,243.10	\$1,433.48	\$28.29	\$1,405.19	\$2,837.90
179	\$2,837.90	\$1,433.48	\$18.92	\$1,414.56	\$1,423.34
180	\$1,423.34	\$1,433.48	\$9.49	\$1,423.99	(\$0.65)

**15 years at 11%**

Interest Rate: 11% Term to Maturity: 15 years  
 Monthly Payment: \$1,704.90 Total Number of Payments: 180

The first 12 and final 6 payments are shown. A total of 180 payments of \$1,704.90 or \$258,026.40 must be made over the life of the loan.

Payment Number	Principal Balance	Monthly Payment Amt	Interest Paid	Principal Applied	New Balance
1	\$150,000.00	\$1,704.90	\$1,375.00	\$329.90	\$149,670.10
2	\$149,670.10	\$1,704.90	\$1,371.98	\$332.92	\$149,337.18
3	\$149,337.18	\$1,704.90	\$1,368.92	\$335.98	\$149,001.20
4	\$149,001.20	\$1,704.90	\$1,365.84	\$339.06	\$148,662.14
5	\$148,662.14	\$1,704.90	\$1,362.74	\$342.16	\$148,319.98
6	\$148,319.98	\$1,704.90	\$1,359.60	\$345.30	\$147,974.68
7	\$147,974.68	\$1,704.90	\$1,356.43	\$348.47	\$147,626.22
8	\$147,626.22	\$1,704.90	\$1,353.24	\$351.66	\$147,274.56
9	\$147,274.56	\$1,704.90	\$1,350.02	\$354.88	\$146,919.67
10	\$146,919.67	\$1,704.90	\$1,346.76	\$358.14	\$146,561.54
11	\$146,561.54	\$1,704.90	\$1,343.48	\$361.42	\$146,200.12
12	\$146,200.12	\$1,704.90	\$1,340.17	\$364.73	\$145,835.38
175	\$9,907.09	\$1,704.90	\$90.81	\$1,614.09	\$8,293.00
176	\$8,293.00	\$1,704.90	\$76.02	\$1,628.88	\$6,664.12
177	\$6,664.12	\$1,704.90	\$61.09	\$1,643.81	\$8,020.31
178	\$5,020.31	\$1,704.90	\$46.02	\$1,658.88	\$3,361.43
179	\$3,361.43	\$1,704.90	\$30.81	\$1,674.09	\$1,687.34
180	\$1,687.34	\$1,704.90	\$15.47	\$1,689.43	(\$2.09)

**30 years at 8%**

Interest Rate: 8% Term to Maturity: 30 years  
 Monthly Payment: \$1,100.65 Total Number of Payments: 360

The first 12 and final 6 payments are shown. A total of 360 payments of \$1,100.65 or \$396,234.00 must be made over the life of the loan.

Payment Number	Principal Balance	Monthly Payment Amt	Interest Paid	Principal Applied	New Balance
1	\$150,000.00	\$1,100.65	\$1,000.00	\$100.65	\$149,899.35
2	\$149,899.35	\$1,100.65	\$999.33	\$101.32	\$149,798.03
3	\$149,798.03	\$1,100.65	\$998.65	\$102.00	\$149,696.03
4	\$149,696.03	\$1,100.65	\$997.97	\$102.68	\$149,593.36
5	\$149,593.36	\$1,100.65	\$997.29	\$103.36	\$149,490.00
6	\$149,490.00	\$1,100.65	\$996.60	\$104.05	\$149,385.95
7	\$149,385.95	\$1,100.65	\$995.91	\$104.74	\$149,281.20
8	\$149,281.20	\$1,100.65	\$995.21	\$105.44	\$149,175.76
9	\$149,175.76	\$1,100.65	\$994.51	\$106.14	\$149,069.61
10	\$149,069.61	\$1,100.65	\$993.80	\$106.85	\$148,962.76
11	\$148,962.76	\$1,100.65	\$993.09	\$107.56	\$148,855.20
12	\$148,855.20	\$1,100.65	\$992.37	\$108.28	\$148,746.91

175	\$6,448.01	\$1,100.65	\$42.99	\$1,057.66	\$5,390.35
176	\$5,390.35	\$1,100.65	\$35.94	\$1,064.71	\$4,325.63
177	\$4,325.63	\$1,100.65	\$28.84	\$1,071.81	\$3,253.82
178	\$3,253.82	\$1,100.65	\$21.69	\$1,078.96	\$2,174.86
179	\$2,174.86	\$1,100.65	\$14.50	\$1,086.15	\$1,088.71
180	\$1,088.71	\$1,100.65	\$7.26	\$1,093.39	(\$4.68)

**30 years at 11%**

Interest Rate: 11% Term to Maturity: 30 years  
 Monthly Payment: \$1,428.49 Total Number of Payments: 360

The first 12 and final 6 payments are shown. A total of 360 payments of \$1,428.49 or \$514,256.40 must be made over the life of the loan.

Payment Number	Principal Balance	Monthly Payment Amt	Interest Paid	Principal Applied	New Balance
1	\$150,000.00	\$1,428.49	\$1,375.00	\$53.49	\$149,946.51
2	\$149,946.51	\$1,428.49	\$1,374.51	\$53.98	\$149,892.53
3	\$149,892.53	\$1,428.49	\$1,374.01	\$54.48	\$149,838.05
4	\$149,838.05	\$1,428.49	\$1,373.52	\$54.97	\$149,783.08
5	\$149,783.08	\$1,428.49	\$1,373.01	\$55.48	\$149,727.60
6	\$149,727.60	\$1,428.49	\$1,372.50	\$55.99	\$149,671.61
7	\$149,671.61	\$1,428.49	\$1,371.99	\$56.50	\$149,615.11
8	\$149,615.11	\$1,428.49	\$1,371.47	\$57.02	\$149,558.10
9	\$149,558.10	\$1,428.49	\$1,370.95	\$57.54	\$149,500.56
10	\$149,500.56	\$1,428.49	\$1,370.42	\$58.07	\$149,442.49
11	\$149,442.49	\$1,428.49	\$1,369.89	\$58.60	\$149,383.89
12	\$149,383.89	\$1,428.49	\$1,369.35	\$59.14	\$149,324.75

175	\$8,289.51	\$1,428.49	\$75.99	\$1,352.50	\$6,937.01
176	\$6,937.01	\$1,428.49	\$63.59	\$1,364.90	\$5,572.11
177	\$5,572.11	\$1,428.49	\$51.08	\$1,377.41	\$4,194.70
178	\$4,194.70	\$1,428.49	\$38.45	\$1,390.04	\$2,804.66
179	\$2,804.66	\$1,428.49	\$25.71	\$1,402.78	\$1,401.88
180	\$1,401.88	\$1,428.49	\$12.85	\$1,415.64	(\$13.76)